

# The Civil War Begins

## Gathering the Facts

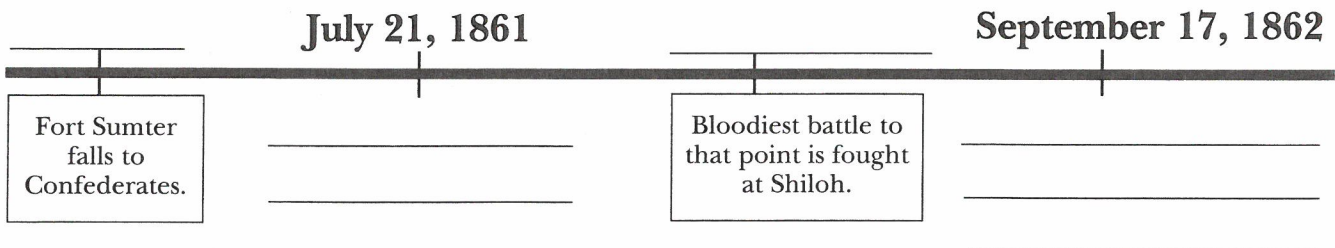
- Turn to pages <sup>56-57</sup> ~~64-65~~ of the Atlas. Read the overview. Also look at the map "The Union and the Confederacy." Use the information to complete the following sentences.
  - Eleven slave states \_\_\_\_\_ from the Union in 1860 and 1861.
  - These states formed the \_\_\_\_\_ States of America.
  - The capital of the new country was \_\_\_\_\_, Virginia.
  - President \_\_\_\_\_ was determined to preserve the Union.
  - Part of \_\_\_\_\_ broke away from the rest of its state and remained in the Union.

## ★ Time and Change

- Look at the maps "Early Confederate Victories" and "Battles in the East and West." For each pair of events, write **C** next to the cause and **E** next to the effect.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Confederate forces attack Fort Sumter.  
\_\_\_\_\_ War begins.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Union gains control over the northern Mississippi River.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Union wins battles at Island #10 and Corinth.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Flow of supplies to the South is reduced.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Union ships blockade southern ports.

## History Through Maps

- Look at the maps "Early Confederate Victories" and "Battles in the East and West." Use the information to complete the following timeline (include month and year).



**📍 Location**

4. Look at the map “Battles in the East and West.” Write the name of the state where each battle took place.

Battle	State
a. Bull Run (Manassas)	_____
b. Fort St. Phillip	_____
c. Fair Oaks	_____
d. Chickasaw Bayou	_____
e. Murfreesboro	_____
f. Fredericksburg	_____

**👤 People and Cultures**

5. Look at the graph “Union and Confederate Resources” and the photo. Write **C** if the statement refers to the Confederacy and **U** if the statement refers to the Union.

- a. Its soldiers wore gray. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. This country had more than twice the population and twice the miles of railroad track as its enemy. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. This country had more experienced soldiers. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Its troops were called Yankees by their enemies. \_\_\_\_\_
- e. This country was better able to withstand a long war. \_\_\_\_\_

**★ Thinking About History**

6. Look at the maps “Early Confederate Victories” and “Battles in the East and West.” Also look at the graph “Union and Confederate Resources.” Use the information to complete the following paragraph.

As the Civil War began, the Union Navy used a \_\_\_\_\_ to cut off supplies to the Confederacy. This hurt the CSA because they had only one-sixth as many \_\_\_\_\_ as the Union. However, thanks to the victory at \_\_\_\_\_ only 30 miles from Washington, D.C., the Confederacy looked like it might win the war in 1861. In 1862 the \_\_\_\_\_ continued to win in the East—except for the devastating Battle of \_\_\_\_\_. In the West, however, the Union was close to controlling the \_\_\_\_\_ River.

# The Civil War Continues

## 📖 Links Far and Near

1. Turn to pages <sup>58-59</sup> ~~66-67~~ of the Atlas. Read the overview. Also look at the photo on page 66 and the map "Turning Points of the War." Use the information to answer the following questions.

- a. Who did the Confederacy hope would assist them? \_\_\_\_\_
- b. What Union document convinced the Europeans to honor the Union blockade?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c. What critical battles marked the turning points in the Civil War?  
\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- d. What were most battlefields before the war? \_\_\_\_\_
- e. How did most troops arrive on the battlefields? \_\_\_\_\_

## 📖 Location

2. Look at the map "Turning Points of the War." Match the battle with the state it took place in.

### Battle

### State

- |                       |                |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| a. Gettysburg •       | • Georgia      |
| b. Vicksburg •        | • Virginia     |
| c. Chancellorsville • | • Tennessee    |
| d. Chickamauga •      | • Mississippi  |
| e. Chattanooga •      | • Pennsylvania |

## 📖 Time and Change

3. Look at the maps "Turning Points of the War" and "Sherman Marches to the Sea." Number the following events in the order that they occurred.

- a. Siege of Petersburg begins. \_\_\_\_\_
- b. Lincoln gives Gettysburg Address. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. Sherman leads March to the Sea. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Emancipation Proclamation issued. \_\_\_\_\_
- e. Union takes control of the Mississippi. \_\_\_\_\_

**🗺️ History Through Maps**

4. Look at the map “Sherman Marches to the Sea.” Circle the battles that were Union victories.
- |                      |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| a. Atlanta           | f. Spotsylvania |
| b. Cold Harbor       | g. Savannah     |
| c. Kennesaw Mountain | h. Mansfield    |
| d. Mobile Bay        | i. Jonesborough |
| e. Wilderness        | j. Nashville    |

**★ Thinking About History**

5. Look at the maps “Turning Points of the War” and “Sherman Marches to the Sea.” Also look at the map “Early Confederate Victories” on page 64 and the map “Battles in the East and West” on page 65. Write the year for which each statement is true.
- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| a. Union suffers several defeats in the East, but is successful in the West. | _____ |
| b. Union cuts through the middle of the Confederacy.                         | _____ |
| c. Confederacy defeats the Union in nearly every battle.                     | _____ |
| d. Union gains control of the Mississippi River.                             | _____ |

**🗺️ Gathering the Facts**

6. Look at the graph “American War Deaths” and the photo on page <sup>59</sup>~~67~~. Write **T** if the statement is true and **F** if the statement is false.
- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| a. Most of the physical destruction in the war was in the South.   | _____ |
| b. Civil War era medicine was able to deal with most injuries.   | _____ |
| c. About 407,000 Americans died in the Civil War.  | _____ |
| d. More Americans died in the Civil War than died in any later war.  | _____ |
| e. Over 15 times as many people died in the Civil War as in all previous wars in the United States combined. | _____ |